### Abeyance (n.) [স্থগিতাবহ]  
- = suspended action.  
- The party was held in abeyance until his arrival.

### Abnegate (v.) [ক্ষমতাবলে বাতিল করা]  
- = abolish, revoke formally.  
- Abnegation (n.) [আত্মোঃপাণ]  
- = self-sacrifice, renunciation.  
- We will never forget those martyrs of language movement for their abnegation.

### Accolade (n.) [সমাদর]  
- = award of merit.  
- In Hollywood, an 'Oscar' is the highest accolade.

### Accountable (adj.) [দায়ী]  
- = someone who is accountable is completely responsible for what they do and must be able to give a satisfactory reason for it.  
- She is accountable only to the managing director.  
- Accountability (n.)

### Accouter (v.) [সজ্জিত করা]  
- = equip.  
- The traveler was accoutered with various goods.  
- Accouterments (n.)

### Agglomerate (v.) [পিচিত হওয়া]  
- = form into one cluster.  
- Agglomeration (n.) [পিচিতকরণ]  
- = collection, heap.  
- An agglomeration of various ethnic and religious groupings.

### Ambulatory (adj.)  
- = able to walk about.  
- An ambulatory corridor/ patient.

### Anecdote (n.) [বাতিষ্ঠ কাহিনী]  
- = short account of an amusing event.  
- He told one or two amusing anecdotes about his years as a policeman.  
- Anecdotal (adj.)  
- Anecdotal evidence.  

### Anomaly (n.) [অন্যাবর্তিক্য বা ব্যাপ্তবিহীন বন্ধু]  
- = irregularity.  
- A bird that cannot fly is an anomaly.  
- Anomalous (adj.)  
- Anomalously (adv.)

### Antagonize (v.) [শক্তিতাবল করা, সংঘাতে ঠেলে দেয়া]  
- I didn’t want to antagonize him.  
- Antagonist (n.) [প্রতিপন্থ, প্রতিষ্ঠান]  
- Antagonistic (adj.) [শক্তিতাবল]  
- Antagonistically (adv.)  
- Antagonism (n.) [সংঘাত বিরোধিতা]

### Antediluvian (adj.) [মহাকালে পুরুষ কাল সমায়ি, লোকাল, অন্তর্তিম]  
- = antiquated, extremely ancient.  
- She has some hopelessly antediluvian ideas about the role of women.

### Apprehend (v.) [গ্রেহিত করা, বুঝেতে পারা, আশঙ্কা করা]  
- = perceive, dread, arrest.  
- The police will apprehend the culprit and convict him before long.  
- Apprehension (n.)

### Arcane (adj.) [প্রাচীন, বৃহস্পতিক]  
- = requiring secret or mysterious knowledge.  
- This argument may seem arcane to those not closely involved in the world of finance.

### Assay (v.) [ধাতু তহসুদীর বিপদ পরীক্ষা করা, প্রস্তুত করা]  
- = analyze (chemical substances).  
- Make an assay of an ore.  
- Assay (n.) [কর্তৃ]

### Atrocity (n.) [নৃশংসতা]  
- = the quality of being shockingly cruel and inhumane.  
- They're on trial for committing atrocities against the civilian population.  
- Atrocious (adj.)  
- Murder is an atrocious crime.
Attrition (n.) [ফিক্ষনরূপ]
⇒ = a wearing down to weaken or destroy, erosion by friction.
⇒ Terrorist groups and the government have been engaged in a costly war of attrition since 1968.

Audacity (n.) [স্থায়ী]
⇒ = aggressive boldness or unmitigated effrontery.
⇒ It took a lot of audacity to stand up and criticize the chairman.
⇒ Audacious (adj.)
⇒ He described the plan as ambitious and audacious.
⇒ Audaciously (adv.)
⇒ Audaciousness (n.)

Avarice (n.) [লালসা, ধনিল, বয্যবস্তত]
⇒ = insatiable desire for wealth.
⇒ Her business empire brought her wealth beyond the dreams of avarice.
⇒ Avaricious (adj.) [লোগো অব কম্পাস সহযোগ]
⇒ Avariciously (adv.)

Avouch (v.)
⇒ = admit openly and bluntly; make no bones about.

Axiom (n.) [সত্যতলিখ]
⇒ = a saying that widely accepted on its own merits.
⇒ All geometrical axioms are affixed at the end of this book.
⇒ Axiomatic (adj.)
⇒ It is an axiomatic fact that governments rise and fall on the state of the economy.
⇒ Axiomatically (adv.)

Bamboozle (v.) [ধরণে দেয়া, বোকা বানানো]
⇒ = to trick or deceive someone, often by confusing them.
⇒ She was bamboozled into telling them her credit card number.

Bard (n.) [সাব, বন্দি]
⇒ = a lyric poet.
⇒ The ancient bard Homar sang of [sing of sth = প্রশংসিত গাণ্ডার রচনা করা] the fall of Troy.

Becloud (v.)
⇒ = make less visible or unclear.

Bland (adj.) [বিলাস, নোন, আকস্মিক হীন, বৈশিষ্ট্যহীন]
⇒ = lacking taste or flavor or tang.
⇒ Pop music these days is so bland.
⇒ Blandly (adv.)
⇒ Blandness (n.)

Boor (n.) [ববর্ন, অসভ্য লোক, প্রাম্য লোক, চায়া]
⇒ = a crude uncouth ill-bred person lacking culture or refinement.
⇒ Boorish (adj.)
⇒ Boorishly (adv.)
⇒ Boorishness (n.)

Bucolic (adj.) [রাজকীয়, প্রাম্যক, রাজ্যী]
⇒ = rustic, pastoral.
⇒ There is a bucolic sight behind the airport.

Burlesque (v.) [প্রহরক করা]
⇒ = make a parody of.
⇒ Burlesque (n.) [কৌতূহলজনক অনুশীলন]
⇒ = a type of writing or acting that tries to make something serious seem ridiculous.

Camaraderie (n.) [সহকাম্য, সততাধীনদের মাঝে সহকর্মিতা/সৌভাগ্য]
⇒ = a feeling of friendliness towards people with whom you work or share an experience.
⇒ When you've been climbing alone for hours, there's a tremendous sense of camaraderie when you meet another climber.

Capacious (adj.) [স্পর্শির, ধারণক্ষমতা সম্পন্ন]
⇒ = large in capacity.
⇒ A capacious memory.
⇒ Capaciousness (n.)

Carnal (adj.) [সৈহিক]
⇒ = of or relating to the body or flesh.
⇒ Carnal desire [সামাস্ত্বকি]
⇒ Carnally (adv.)

Catholic (adj.) [উদার, সাধারণ, সর্বেভাব, সর্বজনীন]
⇒ = free from provincial prejudices or attachments.
⇒ A man with catholic tastes.
⇒ Catholicity (n.)
Caustic (adj.) [বীর্য]{burning, sarcastically [প্রেশাত্মকভাবে] biting.} 
- The critic's caustic remarks angered the helpless actors who were the subjects of his sarcasm.

Chaff (v.) [ঠাকুরী, তামাশা করা, (বড়) কাটা] 
- = be silly or tease one another.

Champion (v.) [সমর্থন করা, রক্ষা করা] 
- = support militantly.
- He has always championed for human rights.

Chivalry (n.) 
- = courtesy towards women.
- Chivalrous (adj.) [সৌন্দর্য, শান্তি] 
- = polite, kind and behaving with honor (especially towards women).

Chivalrous behavior involves noble words and good deeds.

Clandestine (adj.) [ওপট] 
- = secret.
- After avoiding their chaperon [অভিভাবকের দায়িত্বাত্তক], the lovers had a clandestine meeting.

Clement (adj.) [সহানুভূতি, মৃদু] 
- = (1) inclined to show mercy (2) (of weather or climate) physically mild.
- It's very clement for the time of year.
- Clemency (n.)
- Inclement (adj.) [কাঠার, রক্ষা, নিম্নমান, ঠান্ডা ও কোপ] 
- = (1) (of weather or climate) physically severe (2) showing no clemency or mercy (person).
- Inclemency (n.)

Coalesce (v.) [মিলিত হওয়া] 
- = mix together different elements.
- Our plans for a long trip finally coalesced when we mapped out exactly where to go.
- Coalescence (n.)

Coddle (v.) [অতাতিক আদরযেতে লালন-পালন করা] 
- = treat with excessive indulgence.
- He accused his wife of coddling their son.

Commodious (adj.) [স্থানবহুল, প্রশস্ত] 
- = large and roomy.

Complacency (n.) 
- = the feeling you have when you are satisfied with yourself.
- Complacently (adv.)

Complaisance (n.) 
- = a disposition or tendency to yield to the will of others.
- Complaisant (adj.) [সৌন্দর্যন্তরতা]

Confer (v.) [মন্তন বা পরামর্শ করা] 
- = have a conference in order to talk something over.
- I should like some time to confer with my lawyer.

Confiscate (v.) [বাজেয়া করা] 
- = take temporary possession of as a security, by legal authority.
- His passport was confiscated by the police to prevent him from leaving the country.
- Confiscation (n.)
- There were a record number of confiscations by customs officers last year.

Conscript (v.) [জোর করে কাউকে নেনাবহিসেতে ভর্তি করা] 
- = enroll into service compulsorily.
- He was conscripted into the army at the age of 18.
- Conscription (n.)
- He's been worried that the government will introduce conscription ever since the war began.

Contemplate (v.) [গভীরভাবে ভিত্তি করা] 
- = she was contemplating herself in the mirror.
- She was contemplating a visit to India.
- I do not contemplate any opposition from him. [প্রতিযোগিতা করা]
Convene (v.) [সভা আহবান করা]
⇒ = meet formally.

Convolute (v.)
⇒ = curl, wind, or twist together.
⇒ Convoluted (adj.) [কঁটলপাকানো, কুন্ডলীকৃত, মোচড়ানো, জটিল এবং দুর্বচন]
⇒ A convoluted argument.

Corsage (n.)
⇒ = an arrangement of flowers that is usually given as a present.

Covet (v.) [পরামর্শে কামনা করা, পরের ধরে লোভ-লালসা করা]
⇒ = wish, long, or crave for (something, especially the property of another person).
⇒ Covetous (adj.) [পাপাসন/লালসা করা]
⇒ Covetously (adv.)
⇒ Covetousness (n.)

Crepuscular (adj.) [গোপুলিকালীন]
⇒ = relating to twilight.

Crevice (n.) [(পাহাড় বা দেয়ালের) ফাটল]
⇒ = a long narrow depression in a surface.
⇒ The harsh light revealed every crevice and wrinkle in his face.
⇒ Sweat poured out of every crevice of the fat man's body.
⇒ Crevasse (n.) [হিমবাহের তুষারের পৃষ্ঠর ফাটল]

Cumbrous (adj.)
⇒ = difficult to handle or use especially because of size or weight.

Dapple (v.)
⇒ = color with streaks or blotches of different shades.
⇒ Dappled deer [চিহ্নিত], A dappled horse [চিহ্নিতেন্দ্রক],
⇒ Dappled shade [বিচিত্র আলোছায়া].

Debacle (n.)
⇒ = a sudden and violent collapse, a sound defeat.
⇒ The collapse of the company was described as the greatest financial debacle in US history.

Debauch (v.) [নৈতিক/দৃষ্টি/নিদর্শন/পাপাসন করা]
⇒ = corrupt morally or by intemperance or sensuality.
⇒ Debauchery (n.) [অসংখ্য ও তোলালালসা]
⇒ A life of debauchery.
⇒ Debauchee (n.) [প্রাপ্তি/লম্পট]
⇒ He gave a convincing stage performance as the unpleasant young debauchee.

Debility (v.) [দুর্বচন করা]
⇒ = make weak.
⇒ A debilitating climate.
⇒ His health is debilitated from not getting enough good food.

Debunk (v.) [বিদ্যুতচুক্ত করা]
⇒ = to show that something is less important, less good or less true than it has been made to appear.
⇒ The writer's aim was to debunk the myth that had grown up around the actress.

Decadent (adj.) [ক্রিয়া]
⇒ = marked by excessive self-indulgence and moral decay.
⇒ A decadent society.
⇒ Humorous champagne and chocolates for breakfast - how decadent!
⇒ Decadence (n.) [অধঃপতন, অবাস্তব্য]

Decant (v.)
⇒ = pour out.
⇒ Decanter (n.)

Decapitate (v.) [শিশুরচ্ছদ করা]
⇒ = cut the head of.
⇒ The guillotine decapitated French King Louis XVI.

Declivity (n.) [চাল]
⇒ = a downward slope or bend.

Deference (n.) [শ্রদ্ধা, অনেকের ইচ্ছার কারণ নতি হীনকার]
⇒ = courteous regard for another’s wish.
⇒ To treat sb with deference.
⇒ To show deference to a teacher.
⇒ In deference to [রূপান্তরণ]
⇒ Deferential (adj.) [শ্রদ্ধাপূর্ণ]
⇒ = respectful, showing deference.
The Deferential Spirit’ By Joan Didion.

Deflate (v.) [বায়ু/গ্যাস নিক্ষেপ করে ছোট করা, দর্পণ করা, মুদ্রাস্ফীতি হৃদ করা]
≡ collapse by releasing contained air or gas.
≡ To deflate a balloon/tyre.
≡ They were totally deflated by losing the match.
≡ Deflation (n.)

Delectable (adj.) [আনন্দকর, সখর, মেনাহর]
≡ extremely pleasant to taste, smell or look at.
≡ The delectable Miss Haynes.
≡ Delectation (n.)

Demean (v.) [ছেট/হীন করা, মযর্দা লাঘব করা]
≡ reduce in worth or character, usually verbally.
≡ Demean oneself.

Dement (v.)
≡ to deprive of reason, to make mad.
≡ Demented (adj.) [মতিজত্ব, পাকল]
≡ She was nearly demented with worry when her son didn't come home.
≡ Dementia (n.)
≡ mental deterioration of organic or functional origin.

Demur (v.) [আপি তুতাত করা, আশঙ্কা প্রকাশ করা]
≡ raise objections, show reluctance.
≡ The lawyer requested a break in the court case, but the judge demurred.
≡ Without demur [নিবির্ধার]

Demure (adj.) [এসসাম]
≡ affectedly modest or shy especially in a playful or provocative way.
≡ A demure old gentleman.
≡ She gave the young man a demure smile.
≡ Demurely (adv.)
≡ She sat with her hands folded demurely in her lap.
≡ Demureness (n.)

Denounce (v.) [জনসমকে অভিযোগ করা, ভাষিয়ে দেয়া]
≡ speak out against.

⇒ His former colleagues have denounced him as a spy.
⇒ We must denounce injustice and oppression.
⇒ Denunciation (n.)

Deprecate (v.) [অনুমোদন না করা]
≡ (1) belittle (2) express strong disapproval of.
⇒ The teacher should not deprecate his student's efforts.
⇒ We deprecate this use of company funds for political purposes.

Derogate (v.) [(কর্তৃক, মযর্দা, অধিকার) খর্ব করা]
≡ belittle.
⇒ Derogation (n.)
⇒ Derogatory (adj.) [অবিশ্বাস্যকর]
⇒ He considered the remarks derogatory to his reputation.

Desuetude (n.)
≡ a state of inactivity or disuse.
⇒ Fall into desuetude. [চল হেয়ার যাওয়া]
⇒ Words that have fallen into desuetude are not included in this dictionary.

Deter (v.) [নিরস্তাপিত করা, বাধা দেয়া]
≡ try to prevent, show opposition to.
⇒ Nothing can deter me from trying again.
⇒ Deterrence (n.) [বাধা]
⇒ Deterrent (n.) [নিরস্তাপক]
⇒ Do you think that capital punishment is a deterrent to crimes?

Devious (adj.) [ঘোরানো, অসরল, চাতুর্বীর্য]
≡ indirect in departing from the accepted or proper way; misleading.
⇒ We took a devious route to avoid the busy market place.
⇒ Some people use devious means to get rich quickly.

Diatribe (n.) [তীব্র ও তীব্র ভাষায় বর্ণনা, প্রচেষ্ট নিদ্রামূলক বর্ণনা]
≡ thunderous verbal attack.
⇒ The politician launched into a diatribe against the government policy.
Digress (v.) [লেখায় বা ভাষায় মূল প্রসঙ্গ থেকে চূড়ান্ত হওয়া]
⇒ = wander from a direct or straight course.
⇒ The lecturer temporarily digressed from her subject to deal with a related theory.
⇒ Digression (n.)

Dilate (v.) [প্রসারিত হওয়া/করা]
⇒ = become wider.
⇒ The pupils of the eyes dilate as darkness increases.
⇒ Dilate upon [কোন বিষয়ে সমার্থকভাবে বলা/লেখা]
⇒ Dilation (n.) [বিস্তার, প্রসারণ]
⇒ Dilatory (adj.) [বিস্তারিত, প্রসারিত]

Diminish (v.) [হাসি, হাসি করা, হাসি পায়া]
⇒ = decrease in size, extent, or range.
⇒ Diminution (n.) [হাসি, হাসি পাি, হাসি কৃত পিরমাণ]
⇒ Diminutive (adj.) [অক্ষুন্ন]

Disburse (v.) [প্রাপ্ত অর্থ প্রদান করা]
⇒ = pay out.
⇒ The local authorities annually disburse between £50m and £100m on arts projects.
⇒ Disbursement (n.) [অর্থপ্রদান]

Discursive (adj.) [অবাককর]
⇒ = digressing.
⇒ Discursively (adv.)
⇒ Discursiveness (n.)

Inter (v.) [সমাহিত করা]
⇒ = place in a grave or tomb.
⇒ Disinter (v.) [কবর থেকে তোলা]
⇒ = dig up for reburial or for medical investigation; of dead bodies.
⇒ A gravedigger disinterred a body by court order.

Dismay (v.) [হতাশ/আতিকরিত করা]
⇒ = fill with apprehension or alarm; cause to be unpleasantly surprised.
⇒ Dismay (n.)
⇒ Dismayed (adj.)
⇒ I was dismayed to discover that he lied.

Disport (v.) [হাসি, অনন্দ লাভ করা]
⇒ = (1) occupy in an agreeable, entertaining or pleasant fashion (2) play boisterously.
⇒ Disport oneself.

Dissemble (v.) [চূড়ান্ত ধারণ করা, আসল মনোভাব গোপন করা]
⇒ = to hide your real intentions and feelings or the facts.
⇒ He accused the government of dissembling.
⇒ Dissembler (n.)

Disseminate (v.) [ব্যবহার বা তত্ত্ব প্রচার করা]
⇒ = cause to become widely known.
⇒ Dissemination (n.)
⇒ Setting up an efficient system for the dissemination of flood warning.

Dissipate (v.) [দূর করা, অপচয় করা]
⇒ = (1) move away from each other (2) spend frivolously and unwisely.
⇒ Don’t dissipate your energy in worthless pursuits.
⇒ Dissipated (adj.) [অর্থীন/নিতিকর আমোদ প্রমোদে লিপ্ত]
⇒ He leads a dissipated life.
⇒ Dissipation (n.)
⇒ A life of dissipation.

Dissolute (adj.) [অনৈতিক জীবনযাপনকারী, চীরতায়ন]
⇒ = unrestrained by convention or morality.
⇒ He leads a dissolute life.
⇒ Dissolutely (v.)
⇒ Dissolution (n.)
⇒ = dissolute indulgence in sensual pleasure.

Dither (v.) [ইতিহত করা]
⇒ = be undecided.
⇒ Dither (n.)
⇒ He is in a dither.

Vest (v.) [(কমতা ইত্যাদিতে) হৃদিত করা, কমতা অপর্ণন/নাস্ত করা]
⇒ = Provide with power and authority.
⇒ Vestiary (n) [গীজরসংলগ্ন পোষাক ঘর]
⇒ Vestry (n) [গীজরসংলগ্ন পোষাক ঘর]
⇒ Vestibule (n) [কোন ভবনের লব্ধি (বেঞ্চে হ্যাট-কেট খুলে রাখা যেতে পারে)]

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Vestment (n.) [গীজর্ায় পিরিহত পুরোহিতের পোষাক]
Divest (v.) [পোষাক বুলে নেয়া, ক্ষমতা কেড়ে নেয়া, পরিবহন/পরিবাহন করা]
= take away possessions/investment from someone.
The priest was divested of his robes.
The ruler was divested of all his powers.
He could not divest himself of the idea of marriage.

Doctrine (n.) [মতবাদ]
= a belief (or system of beliefs) accepted as authoritative by some group or school.
The Monroe Doctrine of 1823 says that no foreign power may create a colony on the American continents.

Doctrinaire (adj.)
Doctrinal (adj.)

Droll (adj.) [হাsকর, মজাদার]
= amusing, especially in an unusual way.
Drollery (n.) [হাsকি, তামাশা]
A droll remark/expression/person.

Ebullient (adj.) [উচ্ছিষ্ট]
= joyously unrestrained.
The overall atmosphere suffered: it was friendly and polite but quite noticeably not as ebullient as in Germany two years ago.
Ebullience (n.) [উচ্ছিষ্ট্ব]

Egalitarian (n.)
= a person who believes in the equality of all people.
Egalitarian (adj.)
The party's principles are basically egalitarian.
Egalitarianism (n.)

Egress (n.) [বেরির্নিদের অভিকর্ষ, প্রশ্ন]
= the action of going out of or leaving a place.

Embank (v.) [জাহাজে করে যাত্রা করা]
Embark (v.) [ভুক্ত করা, অঞ্চল করা]
We embarked at Liverpool for New York.

Encompass (v.) [চতুীদর্ক িঘের চেল]
= to include, especially a variety of things.
The festival is to encompass everything from music, theatre and ballet to literature, cinema and the visual arts.

Encumber (v.) [পথেরাধ করা, বাধা করা, ঋণস হওয়া, পূণর্ হওয়া]
= hold back.
A country encumbered with debts.
A room encumbered with useless books.
Encumbrance (n.) [বাধা, বোঝা, দায়]
Cumbersome (adj.) [ঝসোমর্থ, কঠিন]

Engender (v.) [কারণ সরপ হওয়া]
= (1) call forth (2) make children
Poverty often engenders disease.

Entrench (v.) [দৃঢ়ভােব করা]
= fix firmly or securely, infringe.
The owner's son entrenched himself in a job given him by his father.
Entrenched (adj.)
Entrenchment (n.)
There has been a shift in opinion on the issue after a decade of entrenchment.

Equanimity (n.) [মন-েমজােজর পশার]
= steadiness of mind under stress.
Three years after the tragedy she has only just begun to regain her equanimity.

Estrange (v.) [িবেচ্ছদ ডেড আনা, বিচ্ছn করা, পর করa]
= arouse hostility or indifference where there had formerly been love, affection, or friendliness.
His behavior estranged all his relatives.
Estrangement (n.)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tobacco (n.)</th>
<th>= a formal expression of praise.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eulogy (n.)</td>
<td>The song was a eulogy to the joys of travelling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eulogist (n.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eulogistic (adj.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eulogize (v.)</td>
<td>Critics everywhere have eulogized her new novel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evict (v.)</td>
<td>= expel from one's property or force to move out by a legal process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eviction (n.)</td>
<td>He was evicted from his house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evince (v.)</td>
<td>= give expression to, to make obvious or show clearly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assistant professor Dr. Shariful Islam evinced with histories and databases the SIDR effects in Bangladesh.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In all the years I knew her, she never evinced any desire to do such a thing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eviscerate (n.)</td>
<td>= surgically remove a part of a structure or an organ.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscera (n.)</td>
<td>= internal organs collectively (especially those in the abdominal cavity).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eviscerate (v.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhume (v.)</td>
<td>= dig up for reburial or for medical investigation; of dead bodies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhumation (n.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exigent (adj.)</td>
<td>= needing urgent attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An exigent problem.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exigency (n.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exorbitant (adj.)</td>
<td>= (of an amount charged) unreasonably high.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>During the chilly shortage, many stores charged exorbitant prices for it.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exorbitantly (adv.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exorbitance (n.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exotic (adj.)</td>
<td>= strikingly strange or unusual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exotic flowers/food/designs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exoticism (n.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expiate (v.)</td>
<td>= to show regret for bad behavior by doing something to express that you are sorry and by accepting punishment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To expiate a crime/sin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expiation (n.)</td>
<td>(= compensation for a wrong)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Extenuate (v.) [কেবিয়ত প্রদানের মাধ্যমে অপরাধের ওরুথ হ্রাস করা]
- = lessen or to try to lessen the seriousness or extent of.
- He was unable to say anything that might have extenuated his behavior.
- Extenuating (adj.)
- She was found guilty of theft, but because of extenuating circumstances was not sent to prison.
- Extenuation (n.)

### Extradite (v.) [বিদেশে পলাতক আসামীেকে দেশে সরকারের কাছে অর্পণ করা যে রাষ্ট্রে দেশী সাবান হয়েছে]
- = to officially send back sb who has been accused or found guilty of a crime to the country where the crime was committed.
- Extradition (n.)
- For the reason I chose Panama, there is no extradition laws.

### Facile (adj.) [সহজসাধয্য, সহজল]
- A facile victory/remark.
- = expressing oneself readily, clearly, effectively.
- Able to dazzle with his facile tongue.
- Facilitate (v.)

### Fatuous (adj.) [বোকা, জড়দুর্বচ]
- = complacently or inanely foolish.
- A fatuous smile.
- Fatuously (adv.)

### Feisty (adj.)
- = showing courage.
- He launched a feisty attack on the government.

### Feral (adj.) [বন, পোষ মানুষের ঘায়নি এমন]
- = wild and menacing.
- Feral dogs/cats.

### Ferret (v.) [খোঁজা]
- = search busily.
- I was just ferreting around in my drawer for my passport.
- After a bit of ferreting, I managed to find his address.

### Fervent (adj.) [তুষু, ঐকািকেত]
- Fervent love/hatred.
- Fervently (adv.)
- Fervency (n.)
- Fervid (adj.) [উল্লীল, ঐকািকেত]
- Fervidly (adv.)
- Fervor (n.)

### Fester (v.) [পুঁজপূণর্‌ করা, পচা, পচােনা, সম্পােচর্ক তিকক করা]
- = ripen and generate pus.
- Keep the cut out of dirt, otherwise it will fester.
- The insult festered in his mind.

### Fettle (n.) [উল্লীল অবস্থায়, চমক্কার ফুরুফুৰুের মেজাজে]
- = a state of fitness and good health.
- "How was Jane?" "Oh, she was in fine fettle."

### Fib (v.) [গলা, মিথ্যা বলা]
- = tell a relatively insignificant lie.
- I can tell he's fibbing because he's smiling!
- Fib (n.)
- Don't believe him - he's telling fibs again.
- Fibber (n.)

### Finesse (v.)
- = avoid or try to avoid fulfilling, answering, or performing (duties, questions, or issues).
- She finessed the interview by playing down her lack of experience and talking about her long-standing interest in the field.
- Finesse (n.) [কোন পরিস্থিতি সুকৌশলে মোািবলে কারার পড়তি]
- = great skill or style.
- It was a disappointing performance which lacked finesse.

### Fitful (adj.) [থেকে থেকে ঘড় এমন, দমকা]
- = Intermittently stopping and starting, occurring irregularly.
- A few hours fitful sleep, A fitful breeze.
- Fitfully (adv.)
Fledgling (n.) [মাতৃ উড়তে শিখিলে এমন পাখি, তরল অনিভূত রাক্ষ]
  ⇒ Fledged (adj.) [উড়তে সক্ষম]
  ⇒ Fully fledged [অভিজ্ঞ ও প্রশিক্ষণাধীন]
  ⇒ A fully fledged doctor.

Flippant (adj.) [ষ্টীপুপুর্ব, ফিচেল]
  ⇒ = showing inappropriate levity [চপলতা].
  ⇒ A flippant answer/remark.
  ⇒ Flippantly (adv.) [ফাজােলর মত]
  ⇒ Flippancy (n.) [চপলতা, ফাজলািম]

Formidable (adj.) [ভয়ঙ্কর]
  ⇒ = extremely impressive in strength or excellence.
  ⇒ A formidable adversary/enemy/opponent.
  ⇒ Formidably (adv.)

Fortuitous (adj.) [আকস্মিক, সৈকাক্ষ]
  ⇒ = occurring by happy chance.
  ⇒ A fortuitous meeting.
  ⇒ Fortuitously (adv.)

Genial (adj.) [সদয়, মিহক]
  ⇒ = friendly and cheerful.
  ⇒ When the couple gives a party, they are always genial hosts.
  ⇒ Florida has a genial climate.

Genuflect (v.) [নতজা হওয়া]
  ⇒ = bend the knees and bow in a servile manner.
  ⇒ Genuflection/Genuflexion (n.)

Girth (n.) [কেলনাকের বড় দেখার মাপ]
  ⇒ = the measure around anything.
  ⇒ The oak was 2 meters in girth.
  ⇒ My girth [আমার কেলনাকের মাপ]
  ⇒ Girth (v.) [to girdle, encircle]

Glut (v.) [অত্যাবিধ সরবরাহ ঘরা হেয়া ফেলা, অতিরিক্ত খাওয়া]
  ⇒ = overeat or eat immodestly.
  ⇒ Glut a market with foreign goods.
  ⇒ Glut (n.)
  ⇒ The current glut of graduates means that many of them will not be able to find jobs.
  ⇒ Glutton (n.)
  ⇒ = a person who regularly eats and drinks more than is needed.

⇒ Gluttonous (adj.)
⇒ She said that industrialized countries should reduce their gluttonous consumption of oil.
⇒ Gluttonously (adv.)
⇒ Gluttony (n.) [আতিহৃতজন]
⇒ They treat Christmas as just another excuse for gluttony.

Grate (v.) [ঘেষ গঁড়া উঠিয়ে ফেলা]
  ⇒ = reduce to small shreds or pulverize by rubbing against a rough or sharp perforated surface.
  ⇒ Grate (n.)

Gratis (adj.) [বিনামূেলয্, মাগনা]
  ⇒ = costing nothing.
  ⇒ I’ll give it to you, gratis!

Gulp (v.) [গলাধঃকরণ করা, গবগব/ঢকঢক করে গলা]
  ⇒ = gulp down a glass of water.
  ⇒ Gulp (n.)
  ⇒ He emptied the glass at one gulp.

Hallow (v.) [পবিত্র করা, পবিত্র বলে গণয্ করা]
  ⇒ = render holy by means of religious rites.
  ⇒ A land hallowed by the memories of great saints.

Headlong (adv./adj.) [আধোমূখে, হঠকারিতা করে, হঠকারী]
  ⇒ = (1) with great speed or without thinking (2) with the head foremost.
  ⇒ Fall headlong.
  ⇒ Rush headlong into danger.
  ⇒ A headlong decision.
  ⇒ In the headlong rush to buy houses, many people got into debt.

Headstrong (adj.) [গলমার, একরেখা]
  ⇒ = habitually disposed to disobedience and opposition.
  ⇒ She was a headstrong child, always getting into trouble.

Hearten (v.) [উৎসাহ দেয়া]
  ⇒ = give encouragement to.
  ⇒ Anti-government protesters have been heartened by recent government promises of free and fair elections.
  ⇒ Heartened (adj.)

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We all felt heartened by the news.

Heartening (adj.)
It was heartening to see so many people at the rally.

Hedonism (n.) [সুখ বা মানবিক পরমাণু এই বিশ্বাস]
= the pursuit of pleasure as a matter of ethical principle.
Hedonist (n.)
Hedonistic (adj.)
Hedonic (adj.)
= devoted to pleasure.
A hedonic thrill.

Hefty (adj.) [অপ্রত্যন্ত]
= possessing physical strength and weight.
A hefty farm worker.

Hegemony (n.) [কঠিন রাষ্ট্রের মধ্যে একটি রাষ্ট্রের কর্তৃত্ব, প্রতিষ্ঠান]
= the domination of one state over its allies.
The three nations competed for regional hegemony.
Hegemonic (adj.)

Helm (n.) [কান্ডারী]
= a position of leadership.
Who was at the helm when the collision occurred?

Heterodox (adj.) [ভিত্তিক, বৈষম্য]
= characterized by departure from accepted beliefs or standards.
His opinions have always been distinctly heterodox.
Heterodoxy (n.)

Hoarse (adj.) [কর্কশ]
= deep and harsh sounding as if from shouting or illness or emotion.
Hoarsely (adv.)
Hoarseness (n.)

Hoary (adj.) [সুগ্ধন্নিশন]
= ancient.
He told a few hoary old jokes and nobody laughed.
Hoariness (n.)

Hoax (n.) [খাঁকা]
= deliberate trickery intended to gain an advantage.
The bomb threat turned out to be a hoax.
Hoax (v.)
= subject to a playful hoax or joke.
Hoaxer (n.)

Hoist (v.) [উল্লেখ করা]
= raise or haul up with or as if with mechanical help.
With some difficulty he hoisted her onto his shoulders.
Hoist (n.)

Holistic (adj.)
= dealing with or treating the whole of something or someone and not just a part.
My doctor takes a holistic approach to disease.
Holistically (adv.)
Holism (n.)

Hone (n.) [শান (পাথর)]
= make perfect or complete.
Hone (v.) [শান দেয়া]
The bone had been honed to a point.

Hortatory/Hortative (adj.) [উপদেশক, প্রচেষ্টক]
= giving strong encouragement.
Exhort (v.) [শিক্ষার্থীর উপদেশ দেয়া বা উদ্ধৃত করা, সন্নিবেশ অনুরোধ করা]
Exhortation (n.)
Make sure that my exhortations hold for Civil/Environmental as well.

Hospitable (adj.) [অতিথিকরণ]
= disposed to treat guests and strangers with cordiality and generosity.
The villagers were very hospitable to/towards anyone who passed through.
Hospitably (adv.)
Hospitality (n.) [আবহুল্যতা]

Husbandry (n.) [কৃষিকল্প, ক্রান্তজ্ঞান]
= (1) frugal management (2) farming.
Animal husbandry, Good/Bad husbandry.
Idiosyncrasy (n.) 
= a behavioral attribute that is distinctive and peculiar to an individual.
- One of the idiosyncrasies of this printer is that you can't stop it once it has started to print.
- Idiosyncratic (adj.)
- The film, 3 hours long, is directed in his usual idiosyncratic style.

Ignominious (adj.) 
= (used of conduct or character) deserving or bringing disgrace or shame.
- An ignominious defeat/failure/retreat.
- Ignominiously (adv.)
- Ignominy (n.)
- The Workers' Coalition experienced the ignominy of total defeat in the last election.

Implement (n.) 
= a piece of equipment or tool used to effect an end.
- Implement (v.)
- London's leading theatrical impresario.

Impresario (n.) 
= a person who organizes theatrical or musical productions.

Inception (n.) 
= an event that is a beginning.
- Since its inception in 1968, the company has been at the forefront of computer development.

Incise (v.)
- Incision (n.)
- Incisive (adj.)
- Incisively (adv.)
- Incisor (n.)

Decorous (adj.)
= characterized by propriety and dignity and good taste in manners and conduct.
- Decorously (adv.)
- Decorum (adj.)

Indisposed (adj.)
= slightly unwell, unwilling.
- Look, I am not indisposed to help you.

Inebriate (v.)
= make/become drunk.
- Inebriate (n., adj.)
- An institution for inebriates.
- Inebriety (n.)
- Inebriation (n.)

Ineffable (adj.)
= cannot be expressed in speech.
- Ineffable joy/beauty.
- Ineffably (adv.)

Ineluctable (adj.)
= impossible to avoid or evade, irresistible.
- An ineluctable destiny.

Inept (adj.)
= not elegant or graceful in expression, generally incompetent and ineffectual.
- Inept remarks.
- Ineptly (adv.)
- Ineptitude (n.)

Inerrant (adj.)
= not liable to error.
- The Church was theoretically inerrant and omniscient.

Inordinate (adj.)
= beyond normal limits.
- Inordinate passions/demands.
- Inordinately (adv.)

Insentient (adj.)
= devoid of feeling and consciousness and animation.
- Insentient stone.

Indecorous (adj.)
= characterized by propriety and dignity and good taste in manners and conduct.
- Decorously (adv.)
- Decorum (adj.)
**Insinuate (v.)** [ধীরে ধীরে সুপারিশ করানো/করা]
- = give to understand.
- I insinuated that I did not like his wife.
- Insinuate oneself into a person’s favor
- Insinuate that [করা]
- Insinuation (n.)

**Invade (v.)** [হামলা করা]
- = to intrude upon, infringe, encroach on, violate.
- Concentrations of troops near the border look set to invade within the next few days.
- Invader (n.)
- Invasion (n.)
- They were planning to mount an invasion of the north of the country.
- Invasive (adj.)

**Involuntary (adj.)** [নিভে পত/ব্যবস্থা করা নয়, অনিয়ন্ত্রণভাবে]
- = not subject to the control of the will.
- Involuntarily (adv.)

**Jar (v.)** [পীড়া দেয়া, দুঃখ করা]
- The sound jars on my ears/nerves.
- He was badly jarred by the news.
- Jar with [গরিমল হওয়া, টকর লাগা]
- Your views on the situation jars with mine.

**Jaundice (n.)**
- = a sharp and bitter manner.
- Jaundice (v.)
- = distort adversely.
- Jaundiced (adj.)
- He has a jaundiced view toward popular music.

**Jaunty (adj.)** [আচরণশীল ও আচরণতা/সংকল্পনা]
- = cheerful and pleased with life, lighthearted.
- Wear one’s hat at a jaunty angle.
- Jauntily (adv.)
- Jauntiness (n.)

**Jejune (adj.)** [নীরস, অভিজ্ঞতা, তত্ত্ব, অমূল্যত]
- = lacking interest or significance.
- Jejunely (adv.)
- Jejuneness (n.)

**Jest (v.)** [ঢুঢুম করা/ঠামুলক করা]
- One should not jest about serious matters.
- Jest (n.)
- In jest [মজার হলে]
- Jesting [ঠামুলক]
- He made some jesting remarks about the project.
- Jester (n.)

**Jocose (adj.)** [রিসক]
- Jocosely (adv.)
- Jocosity (n.)

**Jubilee (n.)** [জয়বার্ষিকী]
- Silver Jubilee [২৫ বছর পূর্ব্বে]
- Golden Jubilee [৫০ বছর পূর্ব্বে]
- Diamond Jubilee [৬০ বছর পূর্ব্বে]

**Kernel (n.)** [কোন বিষয়ের কেন্দ্রবস্তু, মর্মভাবে]
- = the choicest or most essential or most vital part of some idea or experience, a bit.
- = there is not a kernel of truth in what she says.

**Latitude (n.)** [কোন, মত ইত্যাদির স্বাধীনতা]
- = scope for freedom of e.g. action or thought; freedom from restriction.
- An autocratic Govt. does not allow much latitude in political beliefs.

**Limpid (adj.)** [নিমল হাস]
- Writes in a limpid style.
- Limpidly (adv.)
- Limpidity (n.)

**Lionize (v.)** [কাউন্টে বিখ্যাত বক্তব্যের গল্প করা]
- = assign great social importance to.
- Lionization (n.)

**Listless (adj.)** [হেতাদয্ম]
- = lacking zest or vivacity.
- Listlessly (adv.)
- Listlessness (n.)

**Loiter (v.)** [ইত্যাদি ঘুরে বেড়ানো]
- = stand around without any obvious purpose.
- A gang of youths were loitering outside the cinema.
- Loiterer (n.)
Lukewarm (adj.) [কুলুম প্রম, সমর্থন বা বিষয়বিতায়
কম আগ্রহী]
= feeling or showing little interest or enthusiasm.
Lukewarm friendship.
Lukewarmly (adv.)
Lukewarmness (n.)

Lurch (n.)
= an act or instance of swaying abruptly.
The truck gave a sudden lurch as it was hit by a strong gust of wind.
Lurch (v.) [একপাশে কাট হয়ে চলা]
The train lurched forward and some of the people standing fell over.
Leave sb in the lurch [কারো বিপদের সময়ে
পরিবর্তন]

Lurid (adj.) [গনগেন, রকামাঞ্চকর,
ভয়ঙ্কর]
= A lurid sky.
Luridly (adv.)
Luridness (n.)

Lusty (adj.) [সাধ্যবান]
= healthy; energetic; full of strength and power.
Lustily (adv.)
The baby cried lustily the moment he was born.
Lustiness (n.)

Malice (n.) [আনের ক্রিয়া সাধারণ ইচ্ছা]
= feeling a need to see others suffer.
There certainly wasn't any malice in her comments.
Malicious (adj.)
Maliciously (adv.)

Meddle (v.) [অন্যের কাজ কর্তা করা]
= intrude in other people's affairs or business; interfere unwantedly.
People shouldn't meddle with things they don't understand.
Meddler (n.)
Meddlesome (adj.)

Melancholy (n.) [বিষয়, হতাশা]
Melancholic (adj.) [বিষয়বিতায়
= characterized by or causing or expressing sadness.
Melancholy (adj.)
Melancholy autumn days.

Melancholia (n.)
= the condition of feeling unhappy or sad for no obvious reason.

Mellifluous (adj.) [মধুর, সুললিত]
= having a pleasant and flowing sound.
A deep mellifluous voice.

Mendacity (n.) [মিথ্যা]
= the tendency to be untruthful.
Politicians are often accused of mendacity.
Mendacious (adj.)
Some of these statements are misleading and some downright mendacious.

Mere (adj.) [নিচু]
She is a mere child.
The merest [the smallest or slightest]
Merely (adv.) [একে]
That was merely a joke.
Mere (n.) [পুরুষ]
Meretricious (adj.) [দেখতে চটকার কিংবা
মূল্যায়ন]
= like or relating to a prostitute.
A meretricious style.
He claims that a lot of journalism is meretricious and superficial.
Meretriciously (adv.)
Meretriciousness (n.)
= seeming attractive but really false or of little value.

Mesmerize (v.) [সম্প্রাপ্তদায়ক করা]
= to have someone's attention completely so that they cannot think of anything else.
I was completely mesmerized by the performance.
Mesmerizing (adj.)
He had the most mesmerizing blue eyes.
Mesmeric (adj.)
= music with a repetitive, slightly mesmeric quality.

Mettle (n.) [তেজ, সংরক্ষণ]
= the courage to carry on.
She takes the hardest courses that she can to test her mettle as a good student.
Be on one’s mettle [তেজস্বীতে হওয়া]
Put sb on his mettle [কথাসাধা করার জন্য কাছেকে উদ্দীপিত করা]
Mettlesome (adj.) [তেজস্বী, তেজস্বীন্ত]

Mettlesome (adj.)
Miniton (n.) [গোলাম, দাসনুদাস]
Mire (n.) [কর্ম, কাদা]
Mirth (n.) [আমাদাহ আহাদ, হাস্যকরব]
Mist (v.) [কর্মােনা, পাঁচ হাতে যায়, পাঁজ/পিনে ফেলা]
Miscible (v.) [মিশ্রণীয়]
Misfeasance (n.) [বেধ অধিকারের অবৈধ প্রয়াগ]
Mislaid (v.) [আসনে বা ভুল জায়গায় রাখা, রাখতে ভুল, করা, হাতিয়ে ফেলা]
Mode (adj.)
Moiet (n.) [দুই ভাগের একটার]
Molest (v.) [উত্তেজ করা, নিপীদিত করা]
Molestation (n.) [নিঘটন]
Molester (n.)
Aural (adj.) [শ্রবণগতি-সম্পর্কিত]
Morganatic (adj.)
Moiety (n.)
Molest (v.)
Morgalic (adj.)
Mores (n.) [গোলাম, দাসনুদাস]
Mirth (n.) [আমাদাহ আহাদ, হাস্যকরব]
Mist (v.) [কর্মােনা, পাঁচ হাতে যায়, পাঁজ/পিনে ফেলা]
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Molestation (n.) [নিঘটন]
Molester (n.)
Nascent (adj.) [বিচ্ছেদ এমন, জায়মান]
⇒ = coming into existence.
⇒ Nascent oxygen.

Neologism (n.) [নতুন শব্দ রচনা বা প্রয়োগ]
⇒ = a newly invented word or phrase.

Noisome (adj.) [পীড়াদায়ক, কদযর্ (গ্রস সম্পর্কে)]
⇒ = offensively malodorous.
⇒ The rotting meat caused a noisome health hazard.

Nostrum (n.) [টেক্ট (ঔষধ), রাজাজাজি ও সামাজিক সংস্কার পরিকল্পনা]
⇒ = a remedy for all ills or diseases, a patent medicine whose efficacy is questionable.
⇒ Society's nostrums for social problems are often ineffective.

Nugatory (adj.) [তুচ্ছ, অকিঞ্চিত, বাঙ্গালজ্য]
⇒ = of no real value, worthless, futile.
⇒ A nugatory amount.
⇒ Nugacity (n.)
⇒ = triviality, futility.

Obloquy (n.) [গনিধার, নিন্দা]
⇒ = state of disgrace resulting from public abuse.
⇒ On this account he has already suffered much obloquy, and has much to encounter.

Obstreperous (adj.) [উজ্জল, অকিঞ্চিত, বাঙ্গালজ্য]
⇒ = boisterously and noisily aggressive.
⇒ Obstreperous children.
⇒ Obstreperously (adv.)
⇒ Obstreperousness (n.)

Obviate (v.) [ভারমুক হও, পরিরাম পাওয়া]
⇒ = prevent from happening
⇒ = (1) remove/prevent (a need/difficulty) (2) make unnecessary
⇒ Obviate difficulties.

Occult (n.) [জূহ, জুড়, ঐম্বালজ্য]
⇒ = supernatural forces and events and beings collectively.
⇒ She claims to have occult powers, given to her by some mysterious spirit.

Olfactory (adj.) [স্বাচঞ্চল]
⇒ = related to the sense of smell.
⇒ The olfactory nerves.
⇒ People with a limited olfactory sense also often have a poor sense of taste.

Oppress (v.) [অন্যায়ভাবে, নিষ্ঠুরভাবে শাসন করা]
⇒ = to govern people in an unfair and cruel way and prevent them from having opportunities and freedom.
⇒ For years now, the people have been oppressed by a ruthless dictator.
⇒ Oppressed (adj.)
⇒ Oppression (n.)
⇒ Every human being has the right to freedom from oppression.
⇒ Oppressive (adj.)
⇒ Oppressively (adv.)
⇒ Oppressiveness (n.)
⇒ Oppressor (n.)
⇒ Sisters, we must rise up and defeat our oppressors.

Overbear (v.) [অতিভূত/পরাভূত করা]
⇒ = overcome.
⇒ Overbearing (adj.) [কুঁচ্ছুপূর্ণ]
⇒ Overbearingly (adv.)

Overture (n.) [আলনরায় প্রস্তাব]
⇒ = an approach made to someone in order to offer something.
⇒ Neither side in the conflict seems willing to make peace overtures.

Paean (n.) [বান্না গান, বিজয়-সঙ্গীত]
⇒ = a formal expression of praise.
⇒ The song is a paean to solitude and independence.

Palisade (v.) [শক্ত ইন্টার বেড়া দিয়ে ঘিরে ফেলা বা সুরক্ষিত করা]
⇒ = surround with a wall in order to fortify.

Panacea (n.) [সর্বরোগের ঔষধ]
⇒ = hypothetical remedy for all ills or diseases.
⇒ Technology is not a panacea for all our problems.
⇒ Aspirin is considered a panacea for aches and pains.
Pander (v.) [সহায়তা বা উৎসাহ দান করা (কারো অভিলাষ-অনুপ্রেরণায়, দূর্বিগিরি করা (কারো মৌনলিঙ্গ চরিতার্থতার জন্য))]
⇒ = to do or provide exactly what a person or group wants, cater.
⇒ It's not good the way she panders to his every whim.
⇒ Pander (n.)
⇒ = someone who procures customers for whores.

Pantomime (n.) [নিরাক অভিনয়]
⇒ = a performance using gestures and body movements without words.
⇒ It's an evening of music, drama and pantomime.

Penitence (n.) [কৃতার্থতার জন্য অনুপ্রযোজনা]
⇒ Penitent (adj.)
⇒ Penitential (adj.)
⇒ Penitentially (adv.)
⇒ Penitentiary (n.)

Perfidious (adj.) [বিভাজক, দূর্বিগিরি]
⇒ = deceitful and disloyal.
⇒ A perfidious lover.
⇒ Perfidiously (adv.)
⇒ Perfidiousness (n.)

Peril (n.) [ভয়ানক হবল]
⇒ = a state of danger involving risk.
⇒ His life is in peril now.
⇒ Peril (v.)
⇒ = pose a threat to.
⇒ Perilous (adj.)
⇒ The country roads are quite perilous.
⇒ Perilously (adv.)

Periphrasis (n.) [প্রতিবাদ বর্ণনা/বক্তব্য]
⇒ = a style that involves indirect ways of expressing things.
⇒ Example: I believe this parabola I do believe.

Perpetrate (v.) [কোন অপরাধ সংঘটন করা]
⇒ = perform an act, usually with a negative connotation.
⇒ The Pak army perpetrated great atrocities.
⇒ Perpetrator (n.)
⇒ Perpetration. (n.)

Perpetuate (v.) [চিরকালীন করা]
⇒ Perpetuation (n.)
⇒ Perpetuity (n.)
⇒ Perpetual (adj.)
⇒ Perpetually (adv.)

Persnickety/ Pernickety (adj.)
⇒ = giving too much attention to small unimportant details in a way that annoys other people.
⇒ As a writer, he is extremely pernickety about using words correctly.

Perturb (v.) [উদ্বেগিত করা, বিষ্ণু সম্পর্ক করা]
⇒ = disturb in mind or make uneasy or cause to be worried or alarmed.
⇒ Sorry to perturb you.
⇒ Perturbation (n.)

Picaresque (n.) [বভুং ও দুই চরিত্রনীর অভিমন্য বিষয়ে লিখিত]
⇒ = involving clever rogues or adventurers especially as in a type of fiction.

Picayune (adj.)
⇒ = small and of little importance.
⇒ Giving a police officer a free meal may be against the law, but it seems to be a picayune infraction.

Piecemeal (adj./adv.) [খণ্ডপত্তা খন্ডভাব, টুকরা টুকরা করণ]
⇒ = done in a gradual and inconsistent way.
⇒ Work done piecemeal, Read a novel piecemeal.

Pied (adj.) [বিভিন্ন রঙ, চিরবিন্ধিত]
⇒ = having 2 or more different colors.
⇒ Piebald (adj.)
⇒ = having sections or patches colored differently and usually brightly.

Pilfer (v.) [চুরি করা (লন্দন পরিমাণে)]
⇒ = steal (things of little value)
⇒ Pilfered from the bookracks.
⇒ The children pilfered apples from the fruit stand.
⇒ Pilferer (n.)
⇒ Pilferage (n.)
Pinion (v.) [পািখর ডানা কেটে দেয়া যাতে উড়তে না পারে, কেন বাক্তির হাত তেরে রাখা]

= restrain or immobilize by binding the wings or legs.

Pinion (n.)
= bird’s wing.

Pique (v.) [কার হংকার বা আঘাত করা, তেরালাজািখে তেতালা]

= cause to feel resentment or indignation.

Pique oneself on sth. [গবর্ব করা]
= She piqued herself on being very charming.

Pique (n.) [গবর্ব, হংকার, ঘৃণা]
= He left the meeting in a fit of pique.

Pirouette (n.)
= a rapid spin of the body (especially on the toes as in ballet).

Pirouette (v.)

Pith (n.) [সার, সারাংশ, তেজ, বীর্য, বল]
= the choicest or most essential or most vital part of some idea or experience.

The pith of his argument/speech.

Pithy (adj.) [তেলায়, সারগভর্]
= Pithily (adv.) [বিলিভাব]

Placate (v.) [শান/আশব্ করা]
= to stop someone from feeling angry.

Placate (v.)

Platitude (n.) [বহুলতান্ত্রিক উত্তি]
= a trite or obvious remark, an unoriginal saying.

Placate (v.)

Plausible (adj.) [আপাতদৃষ্টিতে যথার্থ বা যুক্তিসঙ্গত, অনুভাবসচকিত বাক্তি]
= apparently reasonable and valid.

A plausible excuse/explanation.

A plausible rogue.

Plausibly (adv.)
= Implausibility (n.)

Plenitude (n.) [আত্মক্ষের, আত্মপ্রভাব, অক্ষত্ব]
= a full supply.

In the plenitude of one’s powers.

Plenteous (adj.) [আত্মক্ষের] 
= Plenteously (adv.)

Plentiful (adj.)
= Plentifully (adv.)
= Plenty (n. /adv.)

Plenitude (n.)

Plenteous (adj.) [আত্মক্ষের, অক্ষত্ব]
= of or relating to or using air (or a similar gas).

Pneumatic drill, pneumatic tire.

Precinct (n.) [শহেরর পিরপাশব্, সংরি]
= a district of a city or town marked out for administrative purposes.

Pedestrian precinct, Shopping precinct.

Predilection (n.)
A predilection for [বিশেষ অনুরাগ/পক্ষপাত, পূবর্ানরাগ]

He has a predilection for drinking alcohol.

Preponderant (adj.) [বলতর]
= having superior power and influence.

Preponderantly (adv.)

Preponderance (n.) [প্রাবল্য]

Prepossess (v.) [মন জয়/আত্মক্ষের করা]
= make a positive impression (on someone) beforehand.

He was prepossessed by young lady’s charms.

Prepossessing (adj.) [চিতান্ত্র]

A girl of prepossessing appearance.

Prepossession (n.) [প্রথম দশনেই অনুরূপ অনুভূতি]
Prescient (adj.) [ভিবষয্দদশর্ী]
⇔ = perceiving the significance of events before they occur.
⇔ Presciently (adv.)
⇔ Prescience (n.) [পূবর্]

Preternatural (adj.) [অভািবক, আনৈসিগর্ক]
⇔ = surpassing the ordinary or normal.
⇔ Preternaturally (adv.)

Proactive (adj.)
⇔ = taking action by causing change and not only reacting to change when it happens.
⇔ Companies are going to have to be more proactive about environmental management.
⇔ A proactive approach/role.

Proclivity (n.) [পবণতা]
⇔ = a natural inclination.
⇔ The sexual proclivities of celebrities.

Prodigal (adj.) [আিতবয্য়ী, মুkহs]
Prodigal (n.)
⇔ Prodigally (adv.)
⇔ Prodigality (n.)
⇔ The prodigality of the sea.

Progenitor (n.) [পূবর্পুrষ, পূবর্সূরী]
⇔ = an ancestor in the direct line.
⇔ Marx was the progenitor of communism.

Proletariat (adj.) [সবর্হারা-সম্পদায়]
⇔ = a social class comprising those who do manual labor or work for wages.
⇔ Proletarian (n.) [সবর্হারা]

Prolix (adj.) [অতিবিবরীহ, মুকবক্তরবিবিরতিরক]
⇔ = tediously prolonged or tending to speak or write at great length.
⇔ The author's prolix style has done nothing to encourage sales of the book.
⇔ Prolixity (n.)

Promiscuous (adj.) [এলামেলো, বাছিবচারহীন]
⇔ = casual and unrestrained in sexual behavior.
⇔ Promiscuous sexual intercourse.
⇔ Promiscuously (adv.)

Promulgate (v.) [প্রচার করা, সরকারিভাবে ঘোষণা করা]
⇔ = state or announce.

Propinquitous (n.) [দেকটা, (ভার্বো) মিল]
⇔ = the property of being close together.

Propitiate (v.) [ক্ষেয়ের উপশমের জন্য কিছু করা]
⇔ = to please and make calm a god or person who is annoyed with you.
⇔ In those days people might sacrifice a goat or sheep to propitiate an angry god.
⇔ Propitiation (n.) [আর্বিচচিত]
⇔ Propitiatory (adj.)
⇔ With a propitiatory gesture he offered her his hand.
⇔ Propitious (adj.) [অনুকূল, সুপ্রসন্ন, সত্ত্ব]
⇔ Weather that was propitious for their journey.
⇔ With the economy in the worst recession for thirty years, it was scarcely the most propitious time to start up a company.
⇔ Propitiously (adv.)

Propel (v.) [সমুচে চলানো]
⇔ = cause to move forward with force.
⇔ A rocket propelled through space.
⇔ Propeller (n.)
⇔ Propulsion (n.)
⇔ = a force that pushes something forward.
⇔ A propulsion system.

Proscribe (v.) [নিষিষ্ঠ করা, নিষোধিত করা]
⇔ = (1) officially forbid, command against (2) criticize/condemn
⇔ Sugar is proscribed for most diabetics.
⇔ Proscribed (adj.) [নিষিষ্ঠ]

Protract (v.) [দীঘর্সৃতিরবিলিত করা]
⇔ = lengthen in time.
⇔ A protracted visit/argument.
⇔ Protraction (n.) [দীঘর্সৃত]

Providence (n.) [মিবর্দরমিত, ভবিযভ-চিত্তা, দূরদশিতা]
⇔ Providence fund.
⇔ Provident (adj.) [দূরদশী]
⇔ Providently (adv.)
⇔ Providentially (adv.)
Puerile (adj.) [শিশুতাত্ত্বিক, তুচ্ছ]
⇒ I find his sense of humor rather puerile.
⇒ Puerility (n.) [বালকতুচ্ছ ব্যবহার/কথা/চিফ্চিফ্র]

Pugnacious (adj.) [যুদ্ধবিশিষ্ট, লড়াইয়ের, কাপড়েকাপড়ে]
⇒ wanting to start an argument or fight.
⇒ I found him pugnacious and arrogant.
⇒ Pugnaciously (adv.)
⇒ Pugnacity (n.)

Pulchritude (n.) [সৌন্দর্যের]
⇒ physical beauty (especially of a woman).

Pummel (v.) [পুমেল, ঘুষ মারা]
⇒ strike with the fist.
⇒ The boxer had pummeled his opponent into submission by the end of the fourth round.

Punctilious (adj.) [আদবকায়দার খুঁটনাটি বয়াপার, তিন সতকর্তা, একতা
⇒ marked by precise accordance with details.
⇒ He was always punctilious in his manners.
⇒ Punctiliously (adv.)
⇒ Punctiliousness (n.)

Purloin (v.) [চুরি করা]
⇒ steal.
⇒ I was using a pen that I'd purloined from the office.
⇒ Purloiner (n.) [চুরি কারী]

Purulent (adj.) [পুঁজযুক্ত]
⇒ having undergone infection.
⇒ Purulence (n.)

Purvey (v.) [সরবরাহ করা]
⇒ supply with provisions.
⇒ Benson & Hedges purvey tobacco for the NAVY.
⇒ Purveyance (n.)
⇒ Purveyor (n.)

Pusillanimous (adj.) [তীব্র, দূর্বলচিত্ত]
⇒ lacking in courage and manly strength and resolution.
⇒ He's too pusillanimous to stand up to his opponents.
⇒ Pusillanimously (adv.)

⇒ Pusillanimitiy (n.)

Putative (adj.) [চৈতন্যভাবে পরিচিত, অনুমিত]
⇒ generally accepted, commonly put forth or accepted as true on inconclusive grounds.
⇒ Putatively (adv.)
⇒ The putative leader of the terrorist organization was arrested by police in Birmingham yesterday.

Putrefy (v.) [পচেঁনা]
⇒ liable to decay or spoil or become putrid.
⇒ Putrefaction (n.) [পচন]
⇒ Putrescent (adj.) [পচেঁনা যাচ্ছ না]
⇒ Putrescence (n.) [পচনাপল্লিকা]
⇒ Putrescible (adj.) [capable of decaying or rotting]
⇒ Putrid (adj.) [পচেঁনা, গলিত ও দূর্বলচিত্ত, অসহচ্ছ]
⇒ Putridity (n.) [গলিত অবস্থা]

Quaff (n.)
⇒ a hearty draft.
⇒ Quaff (v.)
⇒ to drink something quickly or in large amounts.

Quail (v.) [চড়া পেয়ে পিছিয়ে যায়]
⇒ shrink back in fear.
⇒ He quailed at the thought of fighting in the war.
⇒ Quail (n.) [তিতির জাতীয় পাখিবিশেষ]

Quandary (n.) [দিঘো]
⇒ a state of not being able to decide what to do about a situation in which you are involved.
⇒ It is logical quandary as much as anything.
⇒ I was in a quandary about what to do.

Quench (v.) [আশা ভঙ্গ, তৃপ্তি তৃপ্তিরাঙ্গ, পানের সতনের]
⇒ satisfy (thirst).
⇒ Quenchless (adj.) [দূর্বলিক্ষ, অসহন্ত, দূর্বলভাব]
⇒ A quenchless thirst.

Raillery (n.)
⇒ joking or laughing at someone in a friendly way, light teasing repartee.
Raiment (n.) [জামাকাপড়, পোশাক পরিধান]
= especially fine or decorative clothing.
Raiment (v.)
= provide with clothes or put clothes on.

Rake (n.) [দুষ্করিা, লম্বট বার্তার]
= a dissolute man in fashionable society.
Rake (v.) [চালু করা/হওয়া, মহ দেয়া, সত্যাবাদন করা]
= examine hastily.

Rakish (adj.) [দুষ্করিা, চালু]
= stylish, sporty.
He has a rakish air about him.
Rakishly (adv.)
Rakishness (n.)

Ramble (v.) [ঘুেরেবড়ােনা]
My various ramblings...
Ramble (n.)
Rambler (n.)
Rambling (adj.) [(১) ইতক্ত বর্ধনা (বাড়িয়ে, রাজারাটি, শহর সম্পর্কে) (২) অসংগলা (বকৃতা, রচনা, আলোচনা সম্পর্কে)]

Ramify (v.) [শাখায় বিভক্ত করা/হওয়া]
= divide into two or more branches.
Ramification (n.) [কোন জোট যুক্তর বিভিন্ন অংশ/ধার]
This book will analyze the idea in all its ramifications.

Rapport (n.) [সহাnভূিতপূণর্ সকর্ম]
= a feeling of sympathetic understanding.
We'd worked together for years and developed a close/good rapport.
She has an excellent rapport with her staff.

Rasp (v.) [ঘেষতুেলেফলা, তুয্ করা, ককর্শভােব করা, ককর্শভােব করা, ককর্শভােব করা]
= Rasps sb's feelings/nerves.
= Rasps out orders/insults.
= Rasping on a violin.
Raspingly (adv.) [খাট্চ খাট্চ করা]

Ratify (v.) [খাকর দিয়ে দৃঢ়ভােব অনুমোদন করা]
= approve in writing.
Many countries have now ratified the UN convention on the rights of the child.
Ratification (n.)

Raucous (adj.) [ককর্শ ধব্িন]
= unpleasantly loud and harsh.
A raucous voice.
I heard the raucous call of the crows.
Raucous laughter came from the next room.
Raucously (adv.)

Ravel (v.) [জটেখালা/ছাড়ােনা]
= unravel.

Raze (v.) [ধূিলসাৎ করা]
= tear down so as to make flat with the ground, destroy completely (a building/town).
The government razed some old buildings and built new ones.

Rebut (v.) [মিথ্যা বলে প্রমাণ করা]
= prove to be false or incorrect.
Our lawyer saved our case when she rebutted the other lawyer's speech.

Recant (v.) [মতামত/বিশ্বাস ভাগ করা, বিরুতি অমূলক বলে প্রত্যাহার করা]
= formally reject or disavow a formerly held belief, usually under pressure.
The witness later recanted the things he said in court and said it was all not true.

Recuperate (v.) [অসুস্থা বা ক্ষয়ক্ষতির পর আবার সুস্থসবল হয়ে ওঠা/করে তোলা, পুনরুজ্জাত্র করা]
= regain or make up for.
Recuperate one's health.
He recuperated quickly after being in the hospital.
Recuperation (n.)

Redolent (adj.) [সৃিতর বিভিন্ন সম্পর্ক]
= serving to bring to mind.
Handkerchiefs redolent of rose-leaves.
The album is a heartfelt cry, redolent of a time before radio and television.
Redress (v.) [(তুল) সংশোধন করা, ক্ষতিগত করা]
= make reparations or amends for.
= Redress one’s errors.
= Redress the balance [তারামায় পুনরায় প্রতিষ্ঠিত করা]
= Redress (n.)
= Seek legal redress.

Redundant (adj.) [বাড়িত, অনাবশ্যক, প্রয়োজনতাত্ত্বিক]
= more than is needed, desired, or required.
= A redundant word, A redundant labor.
= The teacher told him the ideas in his essay were redundant, because he repeated the same idea three times.
= Her position at the company was declared redundant and she was told to find a new job.
= Redundancy (n.)

Reek (n.) [তীব্র গার্প গল্প]
= a distinctive odor that is offensively unpleasant.
= The reek of stale tobacco smoke.
= Reek (v.) [পুনরায় ভুর ভুর করা]
= Reek with [যখন বা রকে লিও বা সিক হওয়া]

Reel (v.) [বিচিলত হওয়া, নাড়া খাওয়া]
= walk as if unable to control one’s movements.
= She hit him so hard that he reeled backwards.
= We were reeling with the news that we had won all that money.

Refractory (adj.) [অবাধ্য, অক্ষম]
= stubborn, difficult to control.
= As refractory as a mule [হেকর].

Regurgitate (v.) [উদ্দেশ্য করা]
= pour or rush back, repeat after memorization.
= Birds regurgitate food to feed their young.

Rehash (v.) [নতুন রূপে বাবহার করা]
= reuse (old ideas/materials) with no great change/improvement.
= Rehash last term’s lectures for the coming term.

Rejoin (v.) [জবাব/উত্তর দেয়া]
= (1) join again (2) answer back.
= Rejoinder (n.) [প্রতিক্রিয়া]
= a quick/witty reply.
= A lawyer said the witness was lying, and the witness answered with an angry rejoinder, proving to the court that she was telling the truth.

Reminisce (v.) [সৃষ্টিগত করা]
= Remind (v.)
= Reminder (n.)
= Reminiscent (adj.) [সৃষ্টির দেয়া এমন, সৃষ্টিচারী]
= serving to bring to mind.
= His voice is reminiscent of his father’s.
= Become reminiscent.
= Reminiscently (adv.)
= Reminiscence (n.) [সৃষ্টিকথা]
= There is a reminiscence of her mother in the way she smiles.

Remit (v.) [কমা করা, মওকুফ করা, হস্ত করা/পাওয়া, পাঠানো]
= release from (claims and debts).
= His examination fees have been remitted.
= The case will be remitted to an expert committee.
= Remission (n.) [কমা, মার্জনা, রেহাই, মওকুফ, লাঘব]
= Remission for good conducts. [কারাগার থেকে]
= Remission of a fever.
= Remittance (n.) [অর্থ প্রেরণ বা প্রেরিত অর্থ]

Remunerate (v.) [পারিতোষিক দেয়া]
= pay (someone) for work done.
= He is poorly remunerated for all the work he does.
= Remuneration (n.)
= Remunerative (adj.) [পারিতোষিক]

Rend (v.) [বিচিলত করা, চেরা]
= tear or be torn violently.
= With one stroke of his sword, he rent his enemy’s helmet in two.

Renege (v.)
= go back on a promise, undertaking, or contract.
= Renege on [কথা না রাখা]
**Repent (v.)** [অনুরূপ হওয়া]
⇒ = turn away from sin or do penitence.
⇒ Repentance (n.)
⇒ = remorse for your past conduct.
⇒ This was an extremely violent crime, for which the boy showed no repentance.
⇒ Repentant (adj.)
⇒ = feeling sorry for something that you have done.

**Repertoire (n.)**
⇒ = list of works of music, drama, etc.
⇒ There are a hundred popular songs in her repertoire.

**Repine (v.)** [আনতান্ত্রিক বার্তাল করা]
⇒ = express discontent, fret.
⇒ Repine against [খুবংশিকার অভাবে পরিতাপ করা]

**Replenish (v.)** [পূর্ণতা শূন্য পূরণ করা]
⇒ Replenishment (n.)
⇒ Replete (adj.) [ভিতর, পরিপূর্ণ]
⇒ Repletion (n.) [পরিপূর্ণ/ঠাসা অবস্থা]

**Rescind (v.)** [আইন/চুক্তি বাতিল করা]
⇒ = to make a law, agreement, order or decision no longer have any (legal) power, revoke.
⇒ The Congress rescinded a tax law that people didn't like.
⇒ Rescission (n.)

**Resilience (n.)** [আগের অবস্থার ফিরে আসার প্রবণতা]
⇒ = the physical property of a material that can return to its original shape or position after deformation that does not exceed its elastic limit.
⇒ Resilient (adj.)

**Resplendent (adj.)** [অভাব উজ্জ্বল, চমৎকার]
⇒ = having great beauty and splendor.
⇒ I saw Anna at the other end of the room, resplendent in a red sequined cocktail dress.
⇒ Resplendently (adv.)
⇒ Resplendence (n.)

**Retrograde (v.)** [আরো খারাপ হওয়া, পিছনদিক হওয়া]
⇒ = going from better to worse.
⇒ Retrograde (adj.) [অবকাতন্ত্রিক]
⇒ He said it would be a retrograde step to remove single parent benefit.

**Robust (adj.)** [মৌলিক, প্রবল]
⇒ = strong and healthy.
⇒ A robust economy.
⇒ Robustly (adv.)
⇒ Some of his colleagues felt he could have defended himself more robustly.
⇒ Robustness (n.)

**Ruddy (adj.)** [ঝুঁকিচল, আবর্তকম, লালতা]
⇒ = inclined to a healthy reddish color often associated with outdoor life.
⇒ In ruddy health.
⇒ A ruddy glow in the sky.

**Rudimentary (adj.)** [প্রাথমিক, অদিক]
⇒ = being in the earliest stages of development.
⇒ Her knowledge is still only rudimentary.

**Rustic (adj.)** [গামীন, সাদা সাহা, অকপট]
⇒ = characteristic of rural life.
⇒ They live in a rustic fishing village.
⇒ Rusticity (n.)

**Salutary (adj.)** [কল্যাণকর, হিতকর]
⇒ = beneficial to health.
⇒ A salutary reminder of the dangers of mountain climbing.

**Sapling (n.)** [চারা গাছ, তারুণ]
⇒ Sappy (adj.) [প্রাপ্তিকীতে ভরপূর]

**Savior (n.)** [রক্ষক, রক্ত]
⇒ = a person who rescues you from harm or danger.
⇒ This mayor has created jobs and helped the poor; she is the city’s savior.

**Scarce (adj.)** [পুরাতন]
⇒ = not easy to find or obtain.
⇒ Food and clean water were becoming scarce.
⇒ A scarce book.
⇒ Scarcely (adv.) [খুব বেশি হলে, বড়া জোর]
⇒ She scarcely knows you. [বলতে গেলে চেনেই না]
⇒ Scarcity (n.)
Scruple (n.) = an ethical or moral principle that inhibits action.
⇒ Tell lies without scruple.
⇒ Scruple to do sth (v.)
⇒ Scrupulous (adj.)
⇒ Scrupulously (adv.)
⇒ Unscrupulous (adj.)
⇒ Unscrupulously (adv.)

Sear (v.) = make very hot and dry.
⇒ The heat from the explosion seared their hands and faces.
⇒ Searing (adj.)
⇒ Serene (adj.)
⇒ Senescence (n.)

Shun (v.) = (1) avoid and stay away from deliberately (2) expel from a community or group.
⇒ Shun temptation.
⇒ She has shunned publicity since she retired from the theatre.
⇒ After the trial he was shunned by friends and family alike.

Sibilant (adj.)
⇒ Sibilant (n.)
⇒ Slew (v.)
⇒ Slew (n.)

Smolder (v.)
⇒ = (1) have strong suppressed feelings (2) burn slowly and without a flame.
⇒ Smoldering discontent
⇒ The fire was started by a smoldering cigarette.
⇒ The dispute is still smoldering, five years after the negotiations began.
⇒ He gazed at her with smoldering eyes, wishing she wasn't married.

Smother (v.)
⇒ = deprive of oxygen and prevent from breathing.
⇒ The latest violence has smothered any remaining hopes for an early peace agreement.
⇒ I think she broke off their engagement because she felt smothered by him.
Sober (adj.) [আত্মিন্দ্রিত, সংযমী]
⇒ completely lacking in playfulness.
⇒ Anthony was in a very sober mood - I scarcely heard him laugh all night.
⇒ Sober (v.)
⇒ News of the tragedy has sobered us.
⇒ Soberly (adv.)
⇒ Sobering (adj.)
⇒ Sobriety (n.)
⇒ We had the priest sitting at our table which instilled a little sobriety into the occasion.

Solipsism (n.) [আত্মজ্ঞানবাদ]
⇒ (philosophy) the philosophical theory that the self is all that you know to exist.
⇒ Solipsistic (adj.)

Sophomore (n.) [চতুর্থাব্দ কন্যাবাধি]
⇒ Freshman : < 30 Credits
⇒ Sophomore: 30 – 59 Credits
⇒ Junior: 60 – 89 Credits
⇒ Senior: > 90 Credits

Sordid (adj.) [ঋষিত্য, ঋষিত্যাবস্থা, তুষ্মান্ত্র]
⇒ morally degraded.
⇒ A sordid slum.
⇒ These men and women are all living in sordid poverty.
⇒ Sordidly (adv.)
⇒ Sordidness (n.)
⇒ Sordid motives.

Speculate (v.) [অনুমান করা]
⇒ to believe especially on uncertain or tentative grounds.
⇒ The newspapers have speculated that they will get married next year.
⇒ Speculation (n.)
⇒ The Prime Minister's speech fuelled/prompted speculation that an election will be held later in the year.

Spoof (v.) [ধারণা দেয়া, ঠকানো]
⇒ to try to make someone believe in something that is not true, as a joke.
⇒ You have been spoofed.
⇒ Spoof (n.)
⇒ = an amusing and ridiculous piece of writing, music, theatre, etc. that copies the style of an original work.
⇒ It was a spoof cowboy film.

Spurn (v.) [শঞ্জকতার মূখ ফিরিয়ে দেয়া]
⇒ reject with contempt, push aside.
⇒ She spurned my offers of help.

Stagger (v.) [টলমলভােব হাঁটা]
⇒ (1) walk/move unsteadily as if about to fall (2) astonish sb (3) spread over a period of time (4) to arrange in a stack or pile.
⇒ Every night we find him staggering to his house.
⇒ That's a piece of staggering news.
⇒ Staggerer (n.)
⇒ Staggeringly (adv.)

Stalemate (v.) [অপব্যবস্থা সৃষ্টি করা]
⇒ subject to a stalemate, in chess.
⇒ Stalemate (n.)
⇒ a situation in which no progress can be made.
⇒ Despite long discussions, the workers and the management remain locked in stalemate.

Stanza (n.) [স্তুতি]
⇒ a fixed number of lines of verse forming a unit of a poem.

Stasis (n.)
⇒ a period/state when there is no change or development.
⇒ She was bored - her life was in stasis.

Stellar (adj.) [নক্তিতের সংবিধান, নক্তিতের]
⇒ being or relating to or resembling or emanating from stars.
⇒ Constellation (n.) [এককের অবহিত নক্তিপুষ্প, বিশিষ্ট বাহিনীর দল/সমাবেশ]

Stifle (v.) [শব্দগুলো ফিরিয়ে দেয়া, দমন করা, ঠকিয়ে দেয়া]
⇒ smother, suppress, conceal, hide.
⇒ We were stifled in the crowded local bus.
⇒ I feel stifled in a smoky room.
⇒ Stifler (n.) [শব্দগুলোকারী, দমনকারী]

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<tr>
<th><strong>Stolid (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[অবিচলিত, অ্যানেইজড]</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = not easily aroused or excited.</td>
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<td>⇒ Stolidly (adv.)</td>
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<td>⇒ Stolidness (n.)</td>
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<th><strong>Stride (v.)</strong></th>
<th>[লমালমা পা ফোল চলা, দুই পা ফাঁক করে নাড়ানো/বসা]</th>
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<td>⇒ = walk with long, decisive steps</td>
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<td>⇒ Stride along the empty footpath.</td>
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<td>⇒ Stride over a wide drain.</td>
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<td>⇒ Astride (adv.) [দুই পা দূরপাশে বলিয়ে]</td>
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<th><strong>Strident (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[ককর্ষ, তীক]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = unpleasantly loud and harsh.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ The old machine gives out strident notes.</td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ I could hear her angry, strident voice from next door.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Stridulate (v.) [তীক ককর্ষ শব্দ করা]</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Stridulation (n.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Stridency (n.)</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Suave (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[আচরেণ মধুর ও বিনীয় (তবে সত্ত্ব আত্মরকতাহীন)]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = smoothly agreeable and courteous with a degree of sophistication.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Suavely (adv.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Suavity (n.)</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Suffrage (n.)</strong></th>
<th>[েভাট, এভাটািধকার]</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = the right to vote in an election.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Universal suffrage.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Suffragette (n.)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ = a woman advocate of women's right to vote.</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Supercilious (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[অবজনিতিত্ব]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = having or showing arrogant superiority to.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Nose high in the air, looking like a supercilious camel.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Superciliously (adv.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Superciliousness (n.)</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Supine (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[নিন্দ্রিত, অলস]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = (1) offering no resistance. (2) lying face upward.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ The new director has introduced a series of changes against little opposition from the supine staff.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Surfeit (n.)</strong></th>
<th>[অতিপান/অতিভোজনের দরন অর্থ, বিক্ষিপ্ত]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = the state of being more than full.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Have a surfeit of [খেয়ে খেয়ে অর্জন/বিক্ষিপ্ত ধরা]</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Surfeit (v.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Surfeit oneself with fruit, Be surfeited with pleasure.</td>
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<th><strong>Swathe (v.)</strong></th>
<th>[পটট বাঁধা]</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = wrap around, bandage.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Swathed in bandages.</td>
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</tbody>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Taper (v.)</strong></th>
<th>[েখেয়ে এখেয়ে রিচ/েখেয়ে ধরা]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ One end of the cloth tapers.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Taper (n.) [রিচ সর মোড়বাং]</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Taunt (n.)</strong></th>
<th>[বিক্ষুপ]</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = aggravation by deriding or mocking or criticizing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Tauntingly (adv.) [বিক্ষুপাতকভাবে]</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Tautology (n.)</strong></th>
<th>[অর্থহীন পুনরাবৃত্তি]</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⇒ = useless repetition.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Tautological (adj.)</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Temporal (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[সময়নির্ভর]</th>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ (1) relating to time (2) not eternal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Temporality (n.) [পাপির বন্ধ]</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Tender (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[কামল]</th>
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<td>⇒ = young and immature.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ He was sent off to boarding school at the tender age of seven.</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Tenuous (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[কীণ, সর]</th>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ = very slight and weak.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ We were only able to make a tenuous connection between the two robberies.</td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Tenuity (n.)</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>Terse (adj.)</strong></th>
<th>[সংক্ষিপ্ত, বাঝলাবাহিত্ত]</th>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ = brief and to the point.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ ‘Are you feeling any better?’ ‘No’ was the terse reply.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⇒ Tersely (adv.)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>⇒ Terseness (n.)</td>
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</table>

⇒ We walked along the beach, past the rows of supine bodies soaking up the sun. |
⇒ Supinely (adv.) |

⇒ Have a surfeit of [খেয়ে খেয়ে অর্জন/বিক্ষিপ্ত ধরা] |
⇒ Surfeit (v.) |
⇒ Surfeit oneself with fruit, Be surfeited with pleasure. |

⇒ Swathed in bandages. |
⇒ Tauntingly (adv.) [বিক্ষুপাতকভাবে] |
⇒ Tautological (adj.) |
⇒ Temporality (n.) [পাপির বন্ধ] |
⇒ Tenders (n.) [ কামল] |
⇒ Tersely (adv.) |
⇒ Terseness (n.) |
Thrive (v.) [সমৃদ্ধি লাভ করা]
⇒ = grow vigorously.
⇒ His business thrived in the years before the war.
⇒ Thriving (adj.)
⇒ A thriving economy.

Tirade (n.) [দীঘর্ষ, দেখালোকী ও তিরঙ্গারপূর্ণ বক্তব্য]
⇒ = a violent denunciation [অভিযুক্তকরণ].

Transcend (v.) [সীমা ছাড়ে যায়]
⇒ = be greater in scope or size than some standard.
⇒ The best films are those which transcend national or cultural barriers.
⇒ Transcendence (n.)
⇒ Transcendent (adj.)
⇒ Transcendental (adj.)

Unqualified (adj.) [চরম, সীমাহীন, অকৃষ্ঠ]
⇒ = complete, not limited or restricted.
⇒ We achieved a lot but I wouldn't say that the project has been an unqualified success.
⇒ The proposal has the unqualified support of the entire committee.

Unrequited (adj.) [প্রতিদানহীন]
⇒ = not returned in kind.
⇒ Unrequited love/service.

Unstudied (adj.) [ব্যঙ্গ, সহায়ক]
⇒ = impromptu, improvised.

Upshot (n.) [ফলাফল, পরিমাণ]
⇒ = outcome, final result.
⇒ The upshot of the discussions is that there will be no redundancies.

Vain (adj.) [Unproductive of success, নিষ্কল, বৃথা]
⇒ = characteristic of false pride.
⇒ It was a vain mission.
⇒ Vain – Vainer – Vainest
⇒ As vain [বর্বরিক্ত] as a peacock.
⇒ Vainglory (n.) [সম্প্রক্ষ]
⇒ Vainglorious (adj.) [চরম আত্মাভিমানী]
⇒ Vainly (adv.) [without success, বিনিক্ষিপ্তভাবে, ভবিষ্যৎভাবে]

Vanity (n.) [অহংকার]
⇒ = feelings of excessive pride.
⇒ His vanity about his appearance is ridiculous; he is always looking at himself in the mirror.

Variegated (adj.) [চিত্রবিচিত্র]
⇒ = having a variety of colors.
⇒ Variegated leaves.
⇒ Variegation (n.)

Venal (adj.) [অর্থের জন্য কোন অসৎ কাজ করতে প্রস্তুত]
⇒ = capable of being corrupted.
⇒ A venal ruler.
⇒ Venally (adv.)
⇒ Venality (n.)

Venial (adj.) [বঞ্চিত, ক্ষমাহীন]
⇒ = easily excused or forgiven.
⇒ A venial error.

Veracity (n.) [সত্য, সত্যাভাবনা, সত্যাবধিঃ]
⇒ = unwillingness to tell lies.
⇒ Veracious (adj.) [থাকাঃ]
⇒ Veraciously (adv.)

Vernal (adj.) [বসন্তকালীন, বসন্তী]
⇒ = pertaining to spring.

Veteran (n.) [যুদ্ধকালীন, বাহাক]
⇒ = an experienced person who has been through many battles.
⇒ The ceremony was attended by many of the surviving veterans of World War II.
⇒ Veteran (adj.)

Vex (v.) [বিরক্ত বা হয়রান করা]
⇒ = to annoy, worry or disturb (esp. by minor irritations).
⇒ It vexes me that my computer is not so fast.
⇒ A vexed question [বহু আলোচনার কারণেব্যঃ, কোন দূরহ বা বিরক্তিকর সমস্যাঃ]
⇒ Vex (v.) [(সমুদ্রকে) বিক্ষণ করা]
⇒ Vexed by storms.

Virtuoso (n.)
⇒ = someone who is dazzlingly skilled in any field.
Famous mainly for his wonderful voice, Cole was also a virtuoso on the piano.

Virtuosity (n.)

Vivacity (n.)
- Vivacious (adj.)
- A vivacious girl.
- Vivaciously/Vivace (adv.)

Vocation (n.)
- Vocational (adj.)
- Vocational guidance.
- Avocation (n.)

Voracious (adj.)
- A voracious appetite, A voracious reader.
- Voraciously (adv.)

Vulcanine (adj.)
- = resembling or characteristic of a fox.

Voracious (adj.)
- = excessively greedy and grasping.
- A voracious appetite, A voracious reader.
- Voraciously (adv.)

Warrant (n.)
- You had no warrant for what you did.
- Warrant (v.)
- Nothing can warrant such insolence.

Wisp (n.)
- = bale, a small bundle of straw or hay.
- A wisp of hair.
- A blue wisp of cigarette smoke curled in the air.
- Wispy (adj.)
- = thin, slight, barely discernible.

Wither (v.)
- Grass had withered in the fields.
- Withered (adj.)
- Withered leaves/flowers.

Withhold (v.)
- She withheld her rent until the landlord agreed to have the repairs done.

Woo (v.)
- (1) make amorous advances towards
- (2) seek someone's favor.
- Wooer (n.)
- He wooed her for months with flowers and expensive presents.
- The party has been trying to woo the voters with promises of electoral reform.
- The airline has been offering discounted tickets to woo passengers away from their competitors.

Xenophobia (n.)
- = a fear of foreigners or strangers.